

OK Laminators Structural Glued Laminated Timber PR-L351
OK Laminators Inc. DBA Mercer Mass Timber Issued December 17, 2024

Products: OK Laminators Structural Glued Laminated Timber OK Laminators, Inc. DBA Mercer Mass Timber, 1716 Wallis Road, Okanagan Falls, British Columbia, Canada V0H 1R2 (250) 492-8912

www.mercermasstimber.com

1. Basis of the product report:

- 2024, 2021, 2018, and 2015 International Building Code (IBC): Section 2303.1.3
 Structural glued laminated timber
- 2024, 2021, 2018, and 2015 International Residential Code (IRC): Sections R502.1.3, R602.1.3, and R802.1.2 Structural glued laminated timber
- ANSI 117-2020 and ANSI 117-2015 recognized in the 2024 and 2021 IBC and IRC, and 2018 IBC and IRC, respectively
- ANSI A190.1-2022, ANSI A190.1-2017, and ANSI A190.1-2012 recognized in the 2024 IBC and IRC, 2021 and 2018 IBC and IRC, and 2015 IBC and IRC, respectively
- ASTM D3737-18e1 and D3737-12 recognized in the 2024 and 2021 IBC and IRC, and 2018 and 2015 IBC and IRC, respectively
- Qualification test data

2. Product description:

OK Laminators glulam products are manufactured with Alaska cedar, Douglas fir-Larch, and southern pine in accordance with ANSI A190.1 using the manufacturing specifications approved by APA. OK Laminators glulam products are used as beams, headers, rafters, purlins, and columns, and are manufactured in nominal widths up to 30 inches, depths up to 75 inches, and lengths up to 98 feet.

Design properties:

Allowable design properties for OK Laminators glulam beams and columns are listed in Tables 1 and 2. The allowable spans for OK Laminators glulam beams shall be in accordance with the recommendations provided by the manufacturer and APA Data File: Glued Laminated Beam Design Tables, Form S475 (www.apawood.org/resource-library), as applicable, or shall be determined based on the design properties listed in Table 1, as appropriate. The allowable loads for OK Laminators glulam columns shall be in accordance with the recommendations provided by the manufacturer and APA Data File: Design of Structural Glued Laminated Timber Columns, Form Y240 (see link above), as applicable, or shall be determined based on the design properties listed in Table 2, as appropriate.

Product installation:

OK Laminators glulam beams and columns shall be installed in accordance with the recommendations provided by the manufacturer and APA Construction Guide: *Glulam Connection Details*, Form T300 (see link above). Permissible field notching and drilling shall be in accordance with the recommendations provided by the manufacturer and APA Technical Notes: *Field Notching and Drilling of Glued Laminated Timber Beams*, Form S560, and *Effect of Large Diameter Horizontal Holes on the Bending and Shear Properties of Structural Glued Laminated Timber*, Form V700 (see link above).

Fire-rated assemblies:

Design of fire-resistant exposed wood members in accordance with Chapter 16 of the National Design Specification for Wood Construction (NDS) or Section 722.1 of the 2024,

2021, 2018, and 2015 IBC shall be applicable to OK Laminators glulam products. Fire-rated assemblies shall be constructed in accordance with the recommendations provided by the manufacturer and APA Design/Construction Guide: *Fire-Rated Systems*, Form W305 (see link above).

6. Limitations:

- a) OK Laminators glulam beams and columns listed in this report shall be designed in accordance with the code using the design properties specified in this report.
- b) OK Laminators glulam beams and columns shall meet the dimensions specified in ANSI 117 and ANSI A190.1.
- c) OK Laminators glulam beams and columns listed in this report are produced at OK Laminators' facilities in Okanagan Falls, British Columbia, Canada, under a quality assurance program audited by APA.
- d) This report is subject to re-examination in one year.

Identification:

OK Laminators glulam beams and columns described in this report are identified by a label bearing the manufacturer's name (OK Laminators) and/or trademark, the APA assigned plant number (1155), the product standard (ANSI A190.1), the APA logo, the layup combination symbol, the report number PR-L351, and a means of identifying the date of manufacture.

Table 1. Allowable Design Values for OK Laminators Glulam Beams for Normal Duration of Load^(1,2)

Symbol	Species Outer/ Core ⁽³⁾ (Bal or Unbal ⁽⁴⁾)	Bending About X-X Axis (Loaded Perpendicular to Wide Faces of Laminations)								Bending About Y-Y Axis (Loaded Parallel to Wide Faces of Laminations)						Axially Loaded		Fasteners	
		Extreme Fiber in Bending ⁽⁵⁾		Compression Perpendicular to Grain		Shear	Modul	Modulus of Elasticity ⁽⁷⁾			Comp.	Chan	Modulus of Elasticity ⁽⁷⁾				0	Specific Gravity for Dowel-Type Fastener Design	
		Bottom of Beam Stressed in Tension (Positive Bending)	Top of Beam Stressed in Tension (Negative Bending)	Ten. Face	Comp. Face	Parallel to Grain ⁽⁶⁾	True	App- arent	Beam Stabi- lity	Extreme Fiber in Bending ⁽⁸⁾	Perpen -dicular to Grain	Shear Parallel to Grain ⁽⁶⁾	True	App- arent	Beam Stabi- lity	Tension Parallel to Grain	Comp. Parallel to Grain	Top or Bottom Face	Side Face
		F _{bx} ⁺ (psi)	F _{bx} - (psi)	F _{cLx} (psi)		F _{vx} (psi)	E _{x true} (10 ⁶ psi)	E _{x app} (10 ⁶ psi)	E _{x min} (10 ⁶ psi)	F _{by} (psi)	F _{c⊥y} (psi)	F _{vy} (psi)	E _{y true} (10 ⁶ psi)	E _{y app} (10 ⁶ psi)	E _{y min} (10 ⁶ psi)	F _t (psi)	F _c (psi)	SG	
24F-V4	DF/DF (U)	2,400	1,850	650	650	265	1.9	1.8	0.95	1,450	560	230	1.7	1.6	0.85	1,100	1,650	0.50	0.50
24F-V8	DF/DF (B)	2,400	2,400	650	650	265	1.9	1.8	0.95	1,550	560	230	1.7	1.6	0.85	1,100	1,650	0.50	0.50
Wet-use factor		0.8		0.53		0.875	0.833		0.8	0.53	0.875	0.833		0.8	0.73	see	NDS		

⁽¹⁾ The combinations in this table are applicable to members consisting of 4 or more laminations and are intended primarily for members stressed in bending due to loads applied perpendicular to the wide faces of the laminations. Allowable design values are tabulated, however, for loading both perpendicular and parallel to the wide faces of the laminations.

⁽²⁾ The tabulated allowable design values are for normal duration of loading. For other durations of loading, see the applicable building code. The tabulated allowable design values are for dry conditions of use. For wet conditions of use, multiply the tabulated values by the wet-use factors shown at the bottom of the table.

DF = Douglas fir-Larch.

⁽⁴⁾ The unbalanced (U) layup is intended primarily for simple-span applications and the balanced (B) layup is intended primarily for continuous or cantilevered applications.

⁽⁵⁾ The values of F_{bx} are based on members 5-1/8 inches in width by 12 inches in depth by 21 feet in length. For members with a larger volume, F_{bx} shall be multiplied by a volume factor, C_v = (5.125/b)^{1/10} (12/d)^{1/10} (21/L)^{1/10}, where b is the beam width (in.), d is the beam depth (in.), and L is the beam length between the points of zero moment (ft).

For non-prismatic members, members subject to impact or cyclic loading, or shear design of bending members at connections (2024 NDS 3.4.4.1 or 2018 and 2015 NDS 3.4.3.3), the F_{vx} and F_{vy} values shall be multiplied by a factor of 0.72. The tabulated F_{vy} values are for timbers with laminations made from a single piece of lumber across the width or multiple pieces that have been edge bonded. For timber manufactured from multiple piece laminations (across width) that are not edge bonded, value shall be multiplied by 0.4 for members with 5, 7, or 9 laminations or by 0.5 for all other members.

⁽⁷⁾ The tabulated E values include true E (also known as "shear-free E"), apparent E, and E for beam stability calculation (NDS 3.3.3.8). For calculating beam deflections, the tabulated E_{app} values shall be used unless the shear deflection is determined in addition to bending deflection based on the tabulated E_{true}. The axial modulus of elasticity, E_{axial and} and E_{axial min}, shall be equal to the tabulated E_{y true} and E_{y min} values.

The values of F_{by} are based on members 12 inches in depth. For depths less than 12 inches, F_{by} shall be permitted to be increased by multiplying by the flat use factor, (12/d)^{1/9}, where d is the beam depth in inches. When d is less than 3 inches, use the size adjustment factor for 3 inches.

Table 2. Allowable Design Values for OK Laminators Glulam Columns for Normal Duration of Load⁽¹⁾

Table 2.	Milowak	ne Des	igii valu	C3 101 C	IX Lamini	aluis Giu	iaiii Oolu	111113 101 1	Nonnai D	diation	JI LUAU					
Combination Symbol	Species ⁽²⁾		All Loading				Axially Loaded				Bending at	out Y-Y Axis	Bending abo	Fasteners		
			Modulus of Elasticity ⁽³⁾			Compression Perpendicular to Grain	Tension Parallel to Grain	Compression Parallel to Grain		Loaded I	Parallel to Wi	de Faces of L	Loaded Perpendicular to Wide Faces of Laminations		Specific Gravity for	
										Bending ⁽⁴⁾			Shear Parallel	Bending ⁽⁷⁾	Shear Parallel	Dowel-Type
							2 or More Lams	4 or More Lams	2 or 3 Lams	4 or More Lams	3 Lams	2 Lams to Grain ^(5,6)		2 Lams to 15 in. Deep ⁽⁸⁾	to Grain ⁽⁵⁾	
			E _{x true} , E _{y true} or E _{axial} (10 ⁶ psi)	E _{x app} or E _{y app} (10 ⁶ psi)	E _{x min} , E _{y min} or E _{axial min} (10 ⁶ psi)	Fc⊥ (psi)	F _t (psi)	F _c (psi)	F _c (psi)	F _{by} (psi)	F _{by} (psi)	F _{by} (psi)	F _{vy} (psi)	F _{bx} (psi)	F _{vx} (psi)	SG
2	DF	L2	1.7	1.6	0.85	560	1,250	1,950	1,600	1,800	1,600	1,300	230	1,700	265	0.50
3	DF	L2D	2.0	1.9	1.00	650	1,450	2,300	1,900	2,100	1,850	1,550	230	2,000	265	0.50
5	DF	L1	2.1	2.0	1.06	650	1,650	2,400	2,100	2,400	2,100	1,800	230	2,200	265	0.50
50 1:10	SP	N1D	2.0	1.9	1.00	740	1,350	2,000	1,700	2,100	2,100	1,750	260	2,100	300	0.55
70	AC	L2	1.4	1.3	0.69	470	975	1,450	1,450	1,400	1,250	1,000	230	1,350	265	0.46
We	Wet-use factors			0.833			0.8	0.73		0.8			0.875	0.8	0.875	see NDS

⁽f) The tabulated allowable design values are for normal duration of loading. For other durations of loading, see applicable building code. The tabulated allowable design values are for dry conditions of use. For wet conditions of use, multiply the tabulated values by the factors shown at the bottom of the table.

⁽²⁾ AC = Alaska cedar, DF = Douglas fir-Larch, and SP = Southern pine.

⁽⁹⁾ The tabulated E values include shear-free (true) modulus of elasticity (Ex ruse, Ey ruse, and Eaxial), apparent modulus of elasticity (Ex app and Ey app), and 5th percentile modulus of elasticity (Ex min, Ey min, and Eaxial min). For column stability calculation (NDS 3.7.1), Eaxial min shall be used. For calculation to to bending, the tabulated Ex app or Ey app values shall be used, or as an alternative, the true (shear-free) bending deflection shall be calculated using the tabulated Ex ruse or Ey ruse, which shall be added to the calculated shear deflection to determine the total deflection due to bending.

⁽⁴⁾ The values of F_{by} are based on members 12 inches in depth. For depths less than 12 inches, F_{by} shall be permitted to be increased by multiplying by the flat use factor, (12/d)^{1/9}, where d is the beam depth in inches. When d is less than 3 inches, use the size adjustment factor for 3 inches.

⁽⁵⁾ For non-prismatic members, notched members, members subject to impact or cyclic loading, or shear design of bending members at connections (2024 NDS 3.4.4.1 or 2018 and 2015 NDS 3.4.3.3), the tabulated F_{vx} and F_{yy} values shall be multiplied by 0.72.

The tabulated F_{vy} values are for members of 4 or more lams. The tabulated F_{vy} values shall be multiplied by a factor of 0.95 for 3 lams and 0.84 for 2 lams. For members with 5, 7, or 9 lams manufactured from multiple-piece lams with unbonded edge joints, the tabulated F_{vy} values shall be multiplied by a factor of 0.4. For all other members manufactured from multiple-piece lams with unbonded edge joints, the tabulated F_{vy} values shall be multiplied by a factor of 0.5. This adjustment shall be cumulative with the adjustment specified in Footnote 5.

The values of F_{DX} are based on members 5-1/8 inches in width by 12 inches in depth by 21 feet in length. For members with a larger volume, F_{DX} shall be multiplied by a volume factor, $C_V = (5.125/b)^{1/10} (12/d)^{1/10} (21/L)^{1/10}$ for Combination 2 (L2/DF), Combination 3 (L2D/DF), Combination 5 (L1/DF), Combination 70 (L2/AC) layup combinations or $C_V = (5.125/b)^{1/20} (12/d)^{1/20} (12/d)^{1/20}$ for Combination 50 1:10 (N1D/SP) layup combinations, where b is the beam width (in.), d is the beam depth (in.), and L is the beam length between the points of zero moment (ft).

⁽⁸⁾ The tabulated F_{bx} values are for members without special tension lams, the tabulated F_{bx} values must be multiplied by a factor of 0.88. If special tension lams are used, the tabulated F_{bx} values are permitted to be increased by a factor of 1.18 regardless of the member depth provided that the increased F_{bx} value does not exceed 2.400 psi. This factor shall be cumulative with the volume factor, C_v, specified in Footnote 7.

APA – The Engineered Wood Association is an approved national standards developer accredited by American National Standards Institute (ANSI). APA publishes ANSI standards and Voluntary Product Standards for wood structural panels and engineered wood products. APA is an accredited certification body under ISO/IEC 17065 by Standards Council of Canada (SCC), an accredited inspection agency under ISO/IEC 17020 by ANSI National Accreditation Board (ANAB), and an accredited testing organization under ISO/IEC 17025 by ANAB. APA is also an approved Product Certification Agency, Testing Laboratory, Quality Assurance Entity, Validation Entity, and Product Evaluation Entity by the State of Florida, and an approved testing laboratory by City of Los Angeles.

APA - THE ENGINEERED WOOD ASSOCIATION

HEADQUARTERS

7011 So. 19th St. • Tacoma, Washington 98466 Phone: (253) 565-6600 • Fax: (253) 565-7265 • Internet Address: <u>www.apawood.org</u>

PRODUCT SUPPORT HELP DESK

(253) 620-7400 • E-mail Address: help@apawood.org

DISCLAIMER

APA Product Report® is a trademark of *APA – The Engineered Wood Association*, Tacoma, Washington. The information contained herein is based on the product evaluation in accordance with the references noted in this report. No warranties, express or implied, including as to fitness for a particular purpose, are made regarding this report. Neither APA nor its members shall be liable, or assume any legal liability or responsibility, for damages, direct or indirect, arising from the use, application of, and/or reference to opinions, findings, conclusions or recommendations included in this report. Consult your local jurisdiction or design professional to assure compliance with code, construction, and performance requirements. Because APA has no control over quality of workmanship or the conditions under which engineered wood products are used, it cannot accept responsibility for product performance or designs as actually constructed.